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U. S. Department of Agriculture

SCOTT'S VINEYARD

Z. L. SCOTT, PROPRIETOR

Grape Vines and Rooted Fig Cuttings Muscadine Types A Specialty

CONCORD,

GEORGIA



Actual Photograph from Scott's Vineyard

SCUPPERNONG OR MUSCADINE GRAPES

These vines are long lived and do wonderfully well all over the South. Excellent for jelly, grape juice and wine-making.

VARIETY YIELDS

Well rooted nursery vines of most varieties of these grapes will bear a few grapes the second season after planting. It will be the fourth or fifth year, however before a fair harvest will be realized.

Vines should be set in rows 14 feet apart and the vines 21 feet apart in the rows. A two wire trellis is recommended, the top wire 5 feet from the ground and the lower wire 2 feet.

If pruning is done it should be from November 15th to December 25th.

The use of male vines is recommended for best results and the vines should be spaced so that none is more than fifty feet from a male vine. Do not bear.

DAWN: Bronze in color and good quality. Berries medium size and bunches fairly well. Extra early, beginning to ripen 10 days ahead of any other variety and does not drop. One of the latest introductions of Georgia Experiment Station.

LaSALLE: Large, black berry, six to ten in cluster, more persistent than Thomas. Skin thin, pulp tender, better quality than Scuppernong. Ripens early.

SAN JaCINTO: Same in origin as LaSalle; clusters a little larger, black, quality better, juice sweet 76' sugar when Scuppernong 65', ripens a week later than LaSalle.

SAN RUBRA: Vines vigorous and healthy, very prolific, bearing young and regularly. Fruit shade lighter than Scuppernong, grows in clusters, skin very thin with a large percentage of juice, of sprightly flavor. Ripens among the earliest.

EDEN: Berries dull black, flesh is soft, somewhat tart, juicy and colorless with pleasant flavor, skin thin and tender, seed small, quality good, one of the earliest to ripen. Heavy and regular bearer and makes a wine of best quality.

DULCET: A reddish purple grape, early, thin skinned, of high quality and very sweet. It forms medium sized bunches and the fruit is extremely persistent. They do not fall but hang on the vine, if not picked, until they shrivel. The fruit remains good over a long period and the vine is very productive, healthy and vigorous. Considered by many to be best of all varieties for eating.

THOMAS: Belongs to the Muscadine type, and one of the best of its class. Vines vigorous and healthy, very prolific and regular bearer. Color reddish purple; pulp sweet, tender, with a pleasing flavor all its own.

HUNT: Vines vigorous, foliage healthy and medium to heavy; prolific, regular bearer, fruit large, black, bunches well, hangs on well, cluster stems long, skin medium to thin, pulp medium, excellent flavor; ripens in August. Fine for all purposes. We class this best of black varieties.

SPALDING: Vine vigorous and healthy, very prolific and regular bearer; fruit black, quality excellent, skin medium to thin, pulp small. Ripens two weeks later than Hunt to which it is a twin sister. Good for use over a long period.

SCOTT: One of the largest and best of the black varieties. The vine is a vigorous grower, bears young and is very prolific. The fruit grows in large clusters, hangs on well and is deliciously sweet. Must be fully ripe to be appreciated. Resembles James but ripens a week earlier and is sweeter.

SCUPPERNONG: Bunches composed of eight to ten very large berries, bronze colored when fully ripe; flesh pulpy, sweet with peculiar, agreeable, musky flavor; quality excellent. One of the oldest and best varieties. Ripens in August and September.

CREEK: The fruit of this variety has the thinnest skin of all varieties. It is very juicy with a fruity flavor, has large clusters of medium size, reddish-purple berries, quality good to excellent, high in sugar and acid content, fairly persistent, prolific, and regular in bearing. Ripens uniformly about Oct. 1st. One of the latest introductions of Georgia Experiment Stations and a promising Commercial variety, one of the best for wine-making.

HOWARD: Vine moderately vigorous, medium bearer, fruit good quality, large, light color, similar to Scuppernong, but sweeter and better quality, ripens with Scuppernong.

JAMES: Extra large berries, often measuring $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference, black, from three to ten berries on a bunch, extremely prolific and regular bearer. Ripens in September and October, and often hangs on the vines in eastern North Carolina until the last of November. Good commercial variety.

MEMORY: Large, juicy, bears young, regular and abundantly. Ripens two weeks behind Scuppernong. One of the best of the black varieties.

STUCKEY: Reddish-bronze, berries medium to large in size, juicy and very sweet; probably the best quality of any variety. Ripens week to ten days after Scuppernong and over a long period which, with its excellent flavor, makes it very desirable for the home vineyard.

IRENE: Vines healthy and prolific, fruit large, lustrous black, skin medium, pulp and seeds medium in size, quality only fair. Ripens 12 to 15 days behind Scuppernong and hangs on the vine in plump edible condition from 5 to 7 weeks or until frost.

BROWNIE: Vine vigorous, prolific bearer, medium to large clusters, berries small, dark amber when ripe, thin skin, very sweet, excellent—ripens late.

LUCIDIA: Vine very vigorous and prolific bearer, large clusters of very large fruit, showy—fruit clear yellowish green about color of California grapes when ripe. Ripens 10 days behind Scuppernong.

YUGA: The Yuga is reddish amber in color, medium in size, late in season, thin skinned, sweet, of highest quality as a dessert grape, forms large compact bunches, and the berries are very persistent allowing this variety to be picked in clusters when full ripe. It hangs on the vine in good condition for several weeks after ripening and furnishes high quality fruit to the very end of the Muscadine season. The vine is vigorous with dark green foliage and is very productive.

SCOTT'S IMPERIAL: One of the thriftiest and most rapid growing vines of this type. Bears enormous crops of very large black grapes, deliciously flavored and very sweet. This variety grows in clusters, ripens very early and hangs on after ripening much longer than some others.

NOVEMBER: Vine vigorous, healthy, very prolific; fruit shade lighter than Scuppernong, occasionally tinged with red when full ripe, grows in clusters, hangs on well, size medium, quality fair, and ripens late. Its lateness, clustering habit, and prolificacy make it worthy of propagation. A good wine grape.

SAN MONTA: Berry is small, some larger than Herbemont, black, skin thin, flesh without pulp, very juicy, clusters twenty to thirty berries and vine very prolific; late.

FLOWERS: Bunches composed of fifteen to twenty large, purplish black berries, sweet, vinous, good quality. Ripens October and November. Mostly used for cooking purposes.

QUALITAS: Cross between black male and Thomas. Vine vigorous, healthy and very prolific with clusters of medium to large fruit which is dull black in color with thin skin, medium size pulp and seeds. Very sweet and of excellent quality. Ripens from week to 10 days behind Scuppernong and hangs on vine well.

LABAMA: This is one of Munsons introductions and ripens in September about same time as Scuppernong and has qualities very much the same except color. Has clusters of medium size, black and good quality fruit, with thin skin. Well liked by many for its eating qualities.

SMITH: This variety is reliable and productive and in many ways resemble the Scuppernong except to color which is black with "guinea speck" markings. The vine is vigorous, fruit has tough skin and few seed, hangs on well and good for either home use or shipping.

LUOLA: An excellent late variety especially good for jelly and preserve making. The clusters are of medium size, with berries of a purplish black color, round, melting and juicy with thin tender skin and small seeds.

LATHAM: One of the choicest Muscadines for eating purposes. Closely resembles Thomas. The clusters are compact and of medium size with berries round and wine color. The fruit is juicy, exceedingly sweet and of sprightly flavor.

MISH: Vine very vigorous and productive. The cluster is of medium size with berries of about eleventh-sixteenth to three-fourths of an inch in diameter which hang on fairly well. The skin is medium thin, flesh tender, juicy and sweet. The flavor is distinct, delicious and of fine quality. The Mish is recognized as the best for wine of the older introductions. Fruit ripens uniformly, coming in just after James.

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CRESWELL: Originated near Creswell, N. C., and is rated one of the best at North Carolina Experiment Station. The vine is vigorous and productive with clusters of average to large berries, delicious in flavor, crisp and very sweet. Among the best of the late varieties and hangs on vine well.

BRONZE SCUPPERNONG: Direct from the mother vine planted by Sir Walter Raleigh's first settlers on Roanoke Island, N. C., in 1587, which is still growing there and bearing big crops of fruit. Well rooted vines 50c each.

"Creswell," "Mish," "Smith," "Luola," and "Latham" are retained and brought forward by U. S. Department of Agriculture at Willard, N. C., as being some of the best of the older varieties.

MALE MUSCADINE: Should be planted with other varieties of Muscadine Grapes; it will cause them to bear much heavier crops, as this is pollinating variety. These bear no fruit.

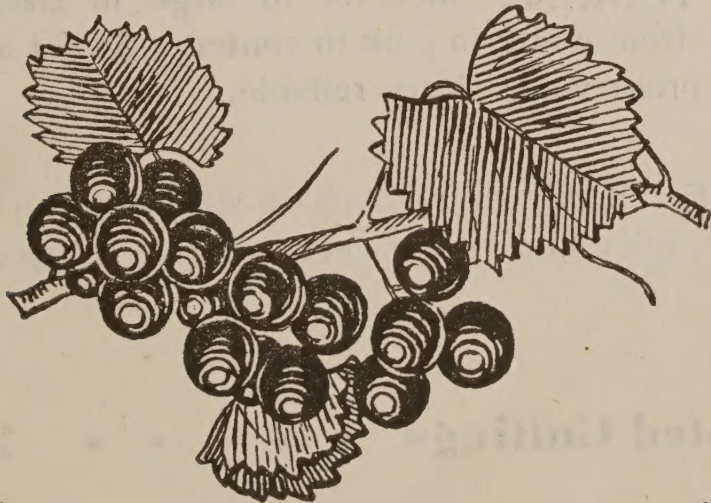
Strong, Well Rooted Vines

Single Vine	50c
2 to 5.....	30c each
6 to 100.....	25c each postpaid

Write for prices on lots of 100 and up.

Will ship best way unless buyer is paying charges.

3 year vines, large size at 30c each, in lots of 6 or more.



Figs

MAGNOLIA: Very large brownish straw color, excellent for canning and preserving. Will bear on one-year stems. Bears over a long period, having green fruit at the same time as mature ripe fruit.

HUNT: A cross between Celeste and some Asiatic variety. Fig is somewhat larger than Celeste, bronze color, pear shaped, sweet and ever-bearing. Eye remains closed so does not spoil during rainy weather. Very hardy and prolific.

PROLIFIC: Sure to bear and very productive. Medium size, bronze color with pink flesh. Ripens regularly from July until frost.

PINK STRIPED PERSIAN: This fig is pink with stripes, light colored flesh and is an ever bearer. Large and prolific.

GREEN GILLEY: A large green fig with light colored flesh and excellent flavor. Begins ripening in May and continues through June, July, and August. Very hardy.

BROWN TURKEY: Medium to large in size, brown with flesh shading from white to pink in center. Sweet and excellent for eating and preserving. Very reliable.

CELESTE: Small to medium in size, purplish brown. Excellent quality, juicy and very sweet. Early. Vigorous, prolific and hardy.

Rooted Cuttings 25c

Bunch Grapes

SALAMANDER: Vine vigorous and prolific. Compact clusters of good medium translucent red berries, thin tough skin, small seed, melting pulp of quality about equaling Delaware and much more thrifty. Ripens mid-season.

25c each

Berries

YOUNG DEWBERRY: Largest and most delicious, as well as the most prolific berry grown. Dark red, raspberry flavor.

2 Year Vines.....5c

Hunt Grape Would Make Paying Crop, Dr. Cochran Says

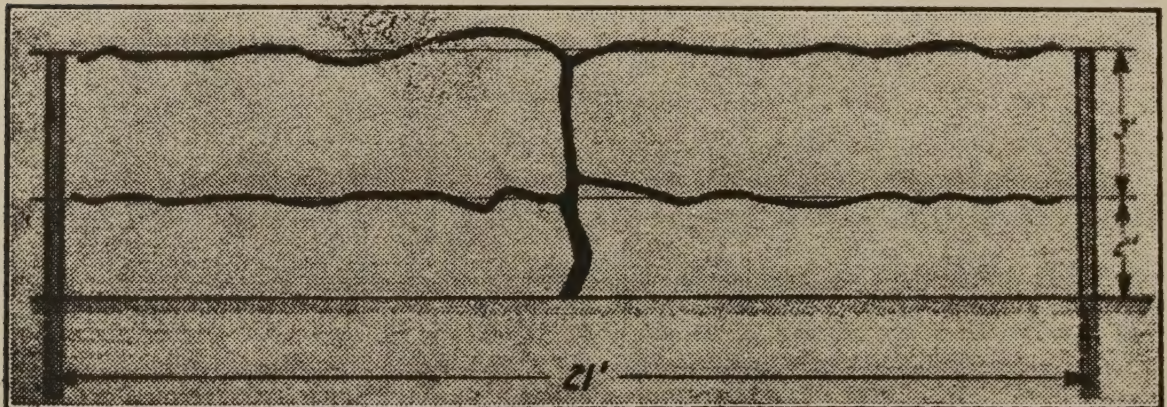
Georgia farmers can increase their cash incomes by cultivating an extra acre or two in disease-resistant Hunt grapes, Dr. H. L. Cochran horticulturist at the Georgia Experiment Station, said today.

The Hunt, he said, was derived from the muscadine and various crossings, and yield about 35 per cent over common varieties. It is a large, black grape that grows in clusters, and is the result of 35 years' work and research by Dr. H. P. Stuckey, station director.

On 10-year-old vines at the station, the yield is approximately 4 tons per acre. At \$60 a ton, f. o. b. vineyard, the gross cash return per acre is \$240.

Not only is the Hunt grape excellent for jellies, jams, and marmalades, but it is highly recommended for its juice.

The experiment station will gladly furnish upon request details on care and cultivation of grapes, Dr. Cochran said.



Showing framework of main vine on trellis.

Chart for Planting Muscadine Grapes

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0	0	Z	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

z—Showing how male vines may be spaced.

